Human PADI3 Protein, His Tag

Catalog # PA3-H5544

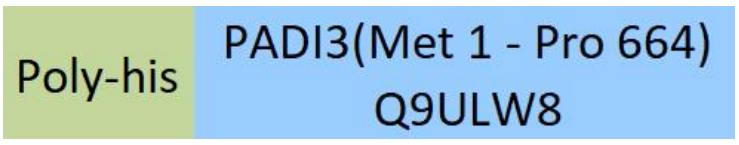
Synonym

PAD3, PDI3, UHS1

Source

Human PADI3 Protein, His Tag(PA3-H5544) is expressed from Baculovirus-Insect cells. It contains AA Met 1 - Pro 664 (Accession # Q9ULW8).
Predicted N-terminus: Met

Molecular Characterization



This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus

The protein has a calculated MW of 76.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 75-85 kDa when calibrated against Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Supplied as 0.2 μm filtered solution in 50mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH7.5 with glycerol as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Shipping

This product is supplied and shipped as sterile liquid solution with dry ice, please inquire the shipping cost.

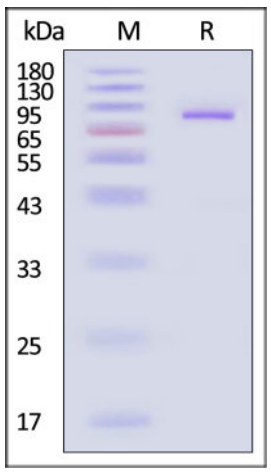
Storage

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- The product MUST be stored at -70°C or lower upon receipt;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions.

SDS-PAGE



Human PADI3 Protein, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95% (With Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker).

Background

This gene encodes a member of the peptidyl arginine deiminase family of enzymes, which catalyze the post-translational deimination of proteins by converting arginine residues into citrullines in the presence of calcium ions. The family members have distinct substrate specificities and tissue-specific expression patterns. The type III enzyme modulates hair structural proteins, such as filaggrin in the hair follicle and trichohyalin in the inner root sheath, during hair follicle formation. Together with the type I enzyme, this enzyme may also play a role in terminal differentiation of the epidermis. This gene exists in a cluster with four other paralogous genes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com if you have any question on this product.